**Question: Write the tenets of Post- Behaviouralism**

After the Second World War, the behavioural revolution emerged in the USA to mitigate the various kinds of national as well as international crises. The bevhaviouralists were busy to use scientific methods and techniques in their research activities forgetting the ground realities of the problems. This situation created frustration in the minds of young political behaviouralists. They tried to change the methods of research of the discipline giving impotence to the values to face and solve the existing socio-political and economic crises. Resultantly, Post- Behaviouralism came into existence as a new ideology to the study of political science. Robert Dahl coined term the Post-Behaviouralism as “a protest movemnt in political science.”

**Tenets (features)**

David Easton mentioned seven features of Post Behaviouralism and he named these features as the “Credo of Relevance”. These features are mentioned as follows:

1. In political science research substance has to get priority over the techniques.
2. Social change and not social preservation should be the motto of political science research.
3. Political science should be open to the brute realities of politics and anxiety in the society. It should reach out to the needs of humankind.
4. There should be a judicious blend between scientific and objective approach and that of value preferences. Both are not mutually antagonistic. One has to complement the other.
5. Political scientists have to come out of the ivory tower. It is their ardent responsibility to protect the human values of civilization.
6. Political scientists are active agents of social change. To quote Easton “To know is to bear the responsibilities for acting and to act is to engage in reshaping society.”
7. Finally, to achieve the goals mentioned above there was a growing need for politicization of profession of all professional associations and universities.

 **Conclusion**

Transmission of behaviouralism into post- behaviouralism has increased importance of political science as a discipline. The traditional political thinkers did not accept the behavioural approach due lack of value oriented study. But the attachment of values with scientific outlook in research activities, the study of political science has obtained a new panacea through which it has been possible to analyze the political phenomena very fruitfully.